# FISH 230 Economics of Fisheries and Oceans

Spring 2015 MWF 10:30-11:50 Anderson 010 5 Credits

Instructor	TA
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Office hours: Wed 3-4 or by appt (really)	Office hours: M,Th 12:00-1:20 or by appt

#### Overview

The primary objective of this course is to develop an understanding of how and why people interact with the oceans, and why these interactions often lead to environmental degradation. To develop this understanding, we will use the tools and methods of economics to examine three major, current environmental issues: pollution dead zones and the consequences of our food and energy choices; overfishing; and offshore oil drilling. For each issue, we will carry out a four-step evaluation process: 1) assess the status of and evidence for the problem; 2) identify the incentives that lead people to choose problem-causing actions; 3) consider alternative policies to manage those incentives; and 4) discuss why effective management has not yet been implemented.

## Learning Goals

Through the four-step problem evaluation process, the chosen applications will introduce frameworks that explain behavior and outcomes:

- Know the status of ocean health, with respect to hypoxic zones, fish stock status, and oil spill risk, and the primary causes of that status.
- Interpret and apply the model of competitive equilibrium
  - Explain how prices, quantities and allocations are determined through markets to predict the effects of supply and demand shocks, including taxes and subsidies.
  - Understand why economists think of markets as efficient.
  - Explain pollution as an externality problem, and understand how commonly discussed policy approaches work.
  - Apply the model to infer changes in price and quantities based on news events.
- Analyze fisheries as a renewable common pool resource
  - o Explain the predicted outcome for unregulated common pool resources.
  - Explain how commonly discussed policy approaches are addressing the problem.
  - Apply the model to infer economic and ecological outcomes in new situations.

- Identify who bears the costs and receives the benefits of policies, and identify when policy effects are sufficient to motivate political activity.
  - Analyze the incentives present in the political system to identify policies that are or are not politically viable.
- Interpret results from the tools of environmental economists use to evaluate policies that trade off between people's welfare and environmentally destructive activities.

Pedagogical and evaluation methods will practice skills in:

- Critical reading of news and interpretation of events to understand described motivations and effects.
- Developing and structuring arguments that explain how and why.
- Applying and interpreting graphical models.
- Writing and revising technical communication conveying models to readers.

## Readings

You are required to have a microeconomics text, but any one should do. Past students have liked the recommended text, so if you don't have easy access to a different one, get:

Principles of Microeconomics by N. Gregory Mankiw

## Catalyst

In addition to the textbooks, many required and supplemental readings will be posted on the course Catalyst site. Homework assignments will also be distributed on the course page on Catalyst. You will be responsible for accessing the site on a regular basis.

#### Methods of Instruction

Class time will involve a variety of activities, often mixing modes of instruction within a single class meeting.

Lectures allow me to introduce the frameworks we will be using for analysis, drawing on models and interpretations from different sources. Textbook readings are supportive of lecture materials, and may be referenced as needed. Lectures will make extensive use of the board/document camera, and will involve constructing a lot of graphs. They will be your primary guide to the material I think is important, and thus will appear on homework and exams.

*Full-class discussions* will enable us to reach a common understanding on the important conclusions and implications of class readings. Non-textbook readings are expected to be completed before the class in which they are covered. We will have full class discussions during the Status & Evidence stage of each unit.

**Small-group discussions** will ask you to divide into groups of four or five to respond to some questions I frame. These are often precursors to full-class discussions.

*Class exercises* are experiential games, played for grade points, that give hands-on experience facing the decisions of the people whose choices we are studying. In addition to being fun, they provide focus and insight that will help you interpret and apply models.

**News story discussions** demonstrate the application of our models to novel situations. We will read a short newspaper article, or listen to or watch a news clip, and as a class apply the models we are currently learning to better understand the event reported, the actions of the people affected, and the reasoning or mechanisms behind the reported effects. These applications will be practice for exam short answer questions and your final project.

## Grading

Grades will be determined as follows:

Homework 10%
Quizzes 10% Midterms (2) 35%
Class Exercises 10% Final Project 35%

#### Mid-terms

There are two 80-minute in-class mid-term exams during the term, each counting for 17.5% of the grade. The exams emphasize the most recently covered material, and are not explicitly cumulative. Roughly half the points on the exam consist of college-level multiple choice questions. The balance of the exam is short answer questions, most of which ask you to apply models from class to interpret news article given to you with the exam.

## Homework Assignment and Quiz Policy

*Homework* will be assigned slightly less often than weekly, and designed to reinforce important concepts from class. They frequently include problems from the short answer sections of past exams. Homeworks are due at the beginning of class on the day for which they are assigned. Late assignments will be accepted until that assignment is graded, but will be penalized 5% for each day they are late.

**Quizzes** will consist of five multiple-choice questions, given at the beginning of class each Friday. They are designed to help you keep up with the material, and give you practice of the type of questions on the multiple choice section of the exams. Quizzes CANNOT be made up, but everyone's lowest score will be dropped, to account for valid reasons for missing class.

## Final Project

In the lieu of a final exam, we will have a final paper in which you will apply the skills you have learned in this course. You will research and analyze a current local, state, national or global environmental or natural resource issue. In grading the papers, I will be looking for your ability to carry out the four-step approach to environmental issues used in class: a solid description of scientific evidence demonstrating that there is an issue; an analysis of the incentives which have led to the situation you are studying; a coherent discussion of how one policy option addresses the incentives causing the

problem; and then an explanation of why that effective policy has or has not been implemented in the case you describe. Since this is an *economics* class, particular emphasis will be placed on your analysis of the incentives involved in your problem using the tools we have discussed in class.

#### **Policies**

#### Attendance

This class covers wide range of tools and factual material, including new ways of thinking about and managing the environment. Attendance will not be taken in lecture. However, attending lectures is primary way to understand the models being used and how they apply to the problems we are studying; attendance is essential to doing well in class.

## In-class Technology

You may use tablets or laptops to take notes and refer to readings in class. However, lecture will involve constructing many graphs by drawing, and keyboard interfaces may make keeping up difficult.

You may not use computers for email or social media, or use phones for any purpose, during class, as it is disrespectful and distracting to other students.

#### Collaboration

Your peers are often your best resource for learning. Working in groups to complete the homework and plan and revise your final paper is strongly encouraged. However, work you turn in must be in your own words. It is suggested you make sparse notes in a group setting, and then write up your own answers to turn in.

#### Academic (Mis)Conduct

At the University level, passing anyone else's scholarly work (which can include written material, exam answers, graphics or other images, and even ideas) as your own, without proper attribution, is considered academic misconduct. Because I am interested in how well you understand and can explain the situations and models discussed in class, it is imperative your work is in your own words. Shared homework or test answers or plagiarized assignment answers, will receive a zero for the assignment for involved parties and will be referred to the university for disciplinary action.

Plagiarism, cheating, and other misconduct are serious violations of the University of Washington Student Conduct Code (WAC 478-120). I expect that you will know and follow the university's policies on cheating and plagiarism. Any suspected cases of academic misconduct will be handled according to University of Washington regulations. For more information, see the College of the Environment Academic Misconduct Policy and the University of Washington Community Standards and Student Conduct website. University plagiarism policies apply.

#### Disability

Full participation in this course requires the ability to read and synthesize written material, attend three classroom sessions a week (up to 80 minutes), participate in class discussion, and compose mathematical and graphical answers to homeworks and projects. If you anticipate or experience barriers to your learning or full participation in this course based on a physical, learning, or mental health disability, please contact the instructor to discuss possible accommodation(s) within the first week of class, or at least a week before you anticipate an issue. The instructor will maintain confidentiality of the disability and associated accommodations.

A more complete description of the disability policy of the College of the Environment can be found http://coenv.washington.edu/intranet/academics/teaching/disability-accommodation/. If you have, or think you have, a temporary or permanent disability that impacts your participation in any course, please also contact Disability Resources for Students (DRS) at: 206-543-8924 V / 206-543-8925 TDD / uwdss@uw.edu e-mail / http://www.uw.edu/students/drs.

## Reading List (Subject to change)

- Acheson, J. and R. Gardner. 2011. Modeling Disaster: The Failure of Management of the New England Groundfish Industry. *North American Journal of Fisheries Management* 31(6):1005-18.
- Anderson, J., C. Anderson, J. Chu, J. Meredith et al. 2015. The Fishery Performance Indicators: A Management Tool for the Triple Bottom Line. *PLOS ONE*.
- Brown, Lester. 2000. *Eco-Economy: Building an Economy for the Earth*. Washington, DC: W.W. Norton.
- Dewees, C. 1998. Effects of Individual Quota Systems on New Zealand and British Columbia Fisheries. *Ecological Applications* 8(1):S133-38.
- Foale, S., D. Adhuri, P. Alino, E. Allison et al. 2013. Food Security and the Coral Triangle Initiative. *Marine Policy* 38:174-83.
- IEM. 2010. A Study of the Economic Impact of the Deepwater Horizon Oil Spill. http://gnoinc.org/wp-content/uploads/Economic\_Impact\_Study\_Part\_I\_-\_Full\_Report.pdf
- Knapp, G. 2007. The Chignik Salmon Cooperative: A Case Study of Allocation to a Voluntary Self-Governance Organization.
- IPCC, 2013: Summary for Policymakers. In: Climate Change 2013: The Physical Science Basis. Contribution of Working Group I to the Fifth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change [Stocker, T.F., D. Qin, G.-K. Plattner, M. Tignor, S.K. Allen, J. Boschung, A. Nauels, Y. Xia, V. Bex and P.M. Midgley (eds.)]. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA.
- Mississippi River Gulf of Mexico Watershed Nutrient Task Force. 2013. Reassessment 2013: Assessing Gulf Hypoxia Action Plan.
- National Commission on the BP Deepwater Horizon Oil Spill and Offshore Drilling (NCBPDHOSOD). 2011. Deep Water: The Gulf Oil Disaster and the Future of Offshore Drilling.
  - http://docs.lib.noaa.gov/noaa\_documents/NOAA\_related\_docs/oil\_spills/DWH\_repor t-to-president.pdf
- NOAA 2000. Final Integrated Assessment of Hypoxia in the Northern Gulf of Mexico. http://oceanservice.noaa.gov/products/hypox\_final.pdf
- Rosenberg, R., J. Swasey and M. Bowman. 2006. Rebuilding US Fisheries: Progress and Problems. *Frontiers in Ecology and the Environment* 4:303-8.
- Weber, M. and J. Gradwohl. 1995. The Wealth of Oceans. New York: WW Norton.

## Class Schedule (Preliminary and subject to revision)

Readings in Italics are to be completed before the class for which they are listed (others are for reference)

Date	Topic	Concepts	Readings
3/30	Introduction:	Prisoner's dilemma exercise	
	Resource management or <i>people</i> management?		
4/1	Perspectives of Economics and Ecology		Brown Ch.1
	Marine Pollution & Dead Zones		
4/3	Status & Evidence: Dead zones		NOAA 2000
4/6	Incentives: What motivates people? Tradeoffs,	Opportunity sets	Mankiw Ch. 1 (1-7)
	happiness and utility	Indifference curves	
		Budget constraints	
4/8	Incentives: How do markets set prices?	Trade exercise	Mankiw Ch. 4
4/10	Incentives: Model of competitive equilibrium	PS,CS, Efficiency	Mankiw Ch. 7
		Subsidies, Taxes	
4/13	Incentives: Analyzing the market for corn,	S/D Shocks	[2013 Farm Bill]
	biodiesel		
4/15	Incentives: Externalities		Mankiw 203-209
4/17	Incentives: How farmers decide much corn to	Production functions	
	grow?	Profit max	
		P=MC	
		Short/long run	
4/20	Policies: Command and control; taxes and	CRP	EPA 2008
	subsidies	TMDLs	
		Subsidy removal	
4/22	Catch-up and review		
1/21	Fvam I		

4/27	Policy Implementation: The collective choice model		Mankiw 209-220
4/29,	All 4 steps: Extension to Climate Change	Pigouvian taxes	IPCC Summary for
5/1			Policymakers
	Fisheries and Overfishing		
5/4	Status & Evidence: Overfishing	Evidence	Wealth of Oceans Ch. 8
		Council System	Rosenberg 2006
5/6	Incentives: Common property resources (static)	Static CPR exercise (Goat	Mankiw 232-237
		farming game)	
5/8	Incentives: Static bioeconomic model	Graphical	Pew Oceans Ch. 10-11
5/11	Incentives: Common property resources	Dynamic CPR exercise	
	(dynamic)	(Fishing game)	
		Backwards induction	
5/13,15	Policy: Managing the commons	TAC and Derby	Halibut derby, ITQ: Dewees
		Spatial	1998
		Catch shares	MPAs: Foale et al. 2013
		ITQ	Catch Shares: Scheld et al.
			2014
5/18	Policy Implementation: Applying the collective		Acheson & Gardner 2011
	choice model to fisheries		
5/20	Policy: Ecosystem-based Management		
5/22	Exam II		
5/25	Memorial Day (no class)		
	Offshore Drilling and Ocean Energy		
5/27	Status & Evidence: Deepwater Horizon		NCBPDHOSOD Ch 6.

5/29	Incentives: Optimal nonrenewable resource use	Discounting	
		Net present value	
6/1	Policy: Managing the risk of disasters	Probability	
		Expected value	
		Rational violations	
6/3	Policy: Cost-benefit analysis & environmental	Cost-benefit analysis IEM 20	10
	damage assessment	Economic Impact	
		Hedonic pricing	
6/5	Summary & Final Project workshop		
6/10	Final Project Due NOON in box outside 316A		
	FISH		